SENATE BILL NO. 143

95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR MAYER.

Pre-filed December 29, 2008, and ordered printed.

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TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 276.401 and 276.471, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof three new sections relating to grain dealers, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 276.401 and 276.471, RSMo, are repealed and three

- 2 new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 276.401, 276.465,
- 3 and 276.471, to read as follows:
 - 276.401. 1. Sections 276.401 to 276.582 shall be known as the "Missouri
- 2 Grain Dealer Law".
- 3 2. The provisions of the Missouri grain dealer law shall apply to grain
- 4 purchases where title to the grain transfers from the seller to the buyer within
- 5 the state of Missouri.
- 6 3. Unless otherwise specified by contractual agreement, title shall be
- 7 deemed to pass to the buyer as follows:
- 8 (1) On freight on board (FOB) origin or freight on board (FOB) basing
- 9 point contracts, title transfers at time and place of shipment;
- 10 (2) On delivered contracts, when and where constructively placed, or
- 11 otherwise made available at buyer's original destination;
- 12 (3) On contracts involving in-store commodities, at the storing warehouse
- 13 and at the time of contracting or transfer, and/or mailing of documents, if
- 14 required, by certified mail, unless and to the extent warehouse tariff, warehouse
- 15 receipt and/or storage contract assumes the risk of loss and/or damage.
- 16 4. As used in sections 276.401 to 276.582, unless the context otherwise
- 17 requires, the following terms mean:
- 18 (1) "Auditor", a person appointed under sections 276.401 to 276.582 by the

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- 19 director to assist in the administration of sections 276.401 to 276.582, and whose
- 20 duties include making inspections, audits and investigations authorized under
- 21 sections 276.401 to 276.582;
- 22 (2) "Authorized agent", any person who has the legal authority to act on
- 23 behalf of, or for the benefit of, another person;
- 24 (3) "Basis", the difference between the cash price and the futures 25 price for grain;
- 26 (4) "Buyer", any person who buys or contracts to buy grain;
- [(4)] (5) "Certified public accountant", any person licensed as such under chapter 326, RSMo;
- [(5)] (6) "Claimant", any person who requests payment for grain sold by him to a dealer, but who does not receive payment because the purchasing dealer fails or refuses to make payment;
- [(6)] (7) "Credit sales contracts", a conditional grain sales contract wherein payment and/or pricing of the grain is deferred to a later date. Credit sales contracts include, but are not limited to, all contracts meeting the definition of deferred payment contracts, and/or delayed price contracts;
- 36 [(7)] (8) "Current assets", resources that are reasonably expected to be 37 realized in cash, sold, or consumed (prepaid items) within one year of the balance 38 sheet date;
- [(8)] (9) "Current liabilities", obligations reasonably expected to be liquidated within one year and the liquidation of which is expected to require the use of existing resources, properly classified as current assets, or the creation of additional liabilities. Current liabilities include obligations that, by their terms, are payable on demand unless the creditor has waived, in writing, the right to demand payment within one year of the balance sheet date;
- [(9)] (10) "Deferred payment agreement", a conditional grain sales transaction establishing an agreed upon price for the grain and delaying payment to an agreed upon later date or time period. Ownership of the grain, and the right to sell it, transfers from seller to buyer so long as the conditions specified in section 276.461 and section 411.325, RSMo, are met;
- [(10)] (11) "Deferred pricing agreement", a conditional grain sales transaction wherein no price has been established on the grain, the seller retains the right to price the grain later at a mutually agreed upon method of price determination. Deferred pricing agreements include, but are not limited to, contracts commonly known as no price established contracts, price later contracts,

55 and basis contracts on which the purchase price is not established at or before

- 56 delivery of the grain. Ownership of the grain, and the right to sell it, transfers
- 57 from seller to buyer so long as the conditions specified in section 276.461 and
- 58 section 411.325, RSMo, are met;
- [(11)] (12) "Delivery date" shall mean the date upon which the seller
- 60 transfers physical possession, or the right of physical possession, of the last unit
- 61 of grain in any given transaction;
- 62 [(12)] (13) "Department", the Missouri department of agriculture;
- [(13)] (14) "Designated representative", an employee or official of the
- 64 department designated by the director to assist in the administration of sections
- 65 276.401 to 276.582;
- [(14)] (15) "Director", the director of the Missouri department of
- 67 agriculture or his designated representative;
- [(15)] (16) "Generally accepted accounting principles", the conventions,
- 69 rules and procedures necessary to define accepted accounting practice, which
- 70 include broad guidelines of general application as well as detailed practices and
- 71 procedures generally accepted by the accounting profession, and which have
- 72 substantial authoritative support from the American Institute of Certified Public
- 73 Accountants;
- 74 [(16)] (17) "Grain", all grains for which the United States Department
- 75 of Agriculture has established standards under the United States Grain
- 76 Standards Act, Sections 71 to 87, Title 7, United States Code, and any other
- 77 agricultural commodity or seed prescribed by the director by regulation;
- 78 [(17)] (18) "Grain dealer" or "dealer", any person engaged in the business
- 79 of, or as a part of his business participates in, buying grain where title to the
- 80 grain transfers from the seller to the buyer within the state of Missouri. "Grain
- 81 dealer" or "dealer" shall not be construed to mean or include:
- 82 (a) Any person or entity who is a member of a recognized board of trade
- 83 or futures exchange and whose trading in grain is limited solely to trading with
- 84 other members of a recognized board of trade or futures exchange; provided, that
- 85 grain purchases from a licensed warehouseman, farmer/producer or any other
- 86 individual or entity in a manner other than through the purchase of a grain
- 87 futures contract on a recognized board of trade or futures exchange shall be
- 88 subject to sections 276.401 to 276.582. Exempted herein are all futures
- 89 transactions;

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(b) A producer or feeder of grain for livestock or poultry buying grain for

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his own farming or feeding purposes who purchases grain exclusively from 91

- licensed grain dealers or whose total grain purchases from producers during his
- or her fiscal year do not exceed one hundred thousand dollars; 93
- 94 (c) Any person or entity whose grain purchases in the state of Missouri are made exclusively from licensed grain dealers; 95
- 96 (d) A manufacturer or processor of registered or unregistered feed whose 97 total grain purchases from producers during his or her fiscal year does not exceed 98 one hundred thousand dollars and who pays for all grain purchases from 99 producers at the time of physical transfer of the grain from the seller or his or her agent to the buyer or his or her agent and whose resale of such grain is solely in 100 101 the form of manufactured or processed feed or feed by-products or whole feed grains to be used by the purchaser thereof as feed; 102
- [(18)] (19) "Grain transport vehicle", a truck, tractor-trailer unit, wagon, 104 pup, or any other vehicle or trailer used by a dealer, whether owned or leased by him, to transport grain which he has purchased; except that, bulk or bagged feed delivery trucks which are used principally for the purpose of hauling feed and any 106 trucks for which the licensed gross weight does not exceed twenty-four thousand pounds shall not be construed to be a grain transport vehicle;
- 109 [(19)] (20) "Insolvent" or "insolvency", (a) an excess of liabilities over 110 assets or (b) the inability of a person to meet his financial obligations as they 111 come due, or both (a) and (b);
- 112 [(20)] (21) "Interested person", any person having a contractual or other 113 financial interest in grain sold to a dealer, licensed, or required to be licensed;
- [(21)] (22) "Location", any site other than the principal office where the 114 grain dealer engages in the business of purchasing grain; 115
- [(22)] (23) "Minimum price contract", a conditional grain sales 116 transaction establishing an agreed upon minimum price where the seller may 117participate in subsequent price gain, if any. Ownership of the grain, and the 118 right to sell it, transfers from the seller to the buyer so long as the conditions 119 120 specified in section 276.461 and section 411.325, RSMo, are met;
- 121 individual, [(23)] **(24)** "Person", any partnership, corporation, 122 cooperative, society, association, trustee, receiver, public body, political 123 subdivision or any other legal or commercial entity of any kind whatsoever, and 124 any member, officer or employee thereof;
- 125 [(24)] (25) "Producer", any owner, tenant or operator of land who has an interest in and receives all or any part of the proceeds from the sale of grain or 126

- 127 livestock produced thereon;
- 128 [(25)] (26) "Purchase", to buy or contract to buy grain;
- [(26)] (27) "Sale", the passing of title from the seller to the buyer in
- 130 consideration of the payment or promise of payment of a certain price in money,
- 131 or its equivalent;
- 132 [(27)] (28) "Value", any consideration sufficient to support a simple
- 133 contract.
 - 276.465. 1. Not later than July 1, 2010, the department shall
 - 2 promulgate rules to require licensed grain dealers to document the
 - 3 basis involved in any sale of grain. The documentation shall include
 - 4 information explaining how the dealer determined each basis. The
 - 5 department shall require dealers to submit a report of such grain basis
 - 6 information at regular intervals, which in no case shall be less than
 - 7 once per month.
 - 8 2. Dealers who violate this section shall be subject to a penalty
 - 9 by the department, which shall be in addition to any other penalty
- 10 allowable by law, and which shall not be less than two hundred dollars
- 11 nor more than one thousand dollars per violation.
 - 276.471. 1. The grain dealer shall maintain at his principal place of
 - 2 business current and complete records with respect to all grain received and
- 3 withdrawn from, purchased, sold, and held by him for that business.
- 4 2. Each licensed grain dealer shall keep in a place of safety, complete and
- 5 correct records and accounts of:
- 6 (1) The quantity of each kind and class of grain received in his facility and
- 7 withdrawn therefrom;
- 8 (2) Duplicate copy of receipts, tickets and bills of lading issued by him;
- 9 (3) Original receipts and tickets returned to and canceled by him;
- 10 (4) A register which records all grain transactions not evidenced by the
- 11 dealer's own scale ticket, i.e., direct farm-to-market shipments. This register
- 12 shall be updated daily showing, at a minimum, the name of the seller, quantity
- 13 of grain, date of shipment, name of terminal or other business accepting the
- 14 physical commodity, destination scale ticket number and whether the grain was
- 15 delivered for sale, or other specified purpose;
- 16 (5) Records required by section 276.465.
- 3. In addition to the records required by subsections 1 and 2 of this
- 18 section, the grain dealer shall maintain such adequate financial records as will

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clearly reflect his current financial position and will clearly support any financial information required to be submitted to the director for licensing, auditing, inspection and/or investigation purposes.

4. A grain dealer licensed or required to be licensed under this chapter shall keep available for examination all books, records and accounts required by this chapter and any other books, records and accounts relevant to his operating a grain dealer business for a period of not less than three years after the close of the period for which such books or records were required. An examination may be performed by the director or his representative, and may take place at any time during the normal business hours of the dealer or, if prior notice of the examination is given to the grain dealer, at such time as is prescribed in that notice.

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